UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

P-012

٧.

KHALID SHEIKH MOHAMMED, WALID MUHAMMAD SALIH MUBARAK BIN 'ATTASH, RAMZI BIN AL SHIBH, ALI ABDUL AZIZ ALI, MUSTAFA AHMED ADAM AL HAWSAWI Commission Ruling Regarding Prosecution Motion for Additional 60-Day Continuance and Scheduling Order for 21 September 2009 Commission Session

- 1. On 21 January 2009, over defense objection, this Commission granted a government motion for a 120-day continuance in this case. On 14 May 2009, the Commission granted, again over defense objection, a second government delay for an additional 120 days, but did docket a session to run 21 through 25 September 2009 to begin receiving evidence on the pending Rule for Military Commission (RMC) 909 incompetence determination hearing for Mr. bin al Shibh.
- 2. On 16 September 2009, the government filed a third request asking the Commission to: (1) grant an additional 60-day delay and (2) continue the scheduled RMC 909 incompetence hearing to begin no earlier than 16 November 2009. The detailed defense counsel for Mr. bin al Shibh did not oppose the motion to continue the RMC 909 hearing, which the Commission subsequently granted on 17 September 2009. Detailed defense counsel for Messrs. bin al Shibh and al Hawsawi also did not oppose the 60-day continuance. Since the Commission had not received a formal reply from the three *pro se* accused

regarding the government's third continuance request, it scheduled today's session to hear argument on this part of the government motion. Since the subject involved a matter which affected each of the five accused, all were invited to attend. However, on 21 September 2009, the Commission received a translated filing from Messrs. Sheikh Mohammed, bin Attash and Ali, dated 18 September 2009, in which they stated they do not object to the 60-day continuance. Therefore, the unopposed motion for a 60-day continuance is thereby GRANTED.

3. What remains are the pending *pro se* filings which are not joined by and do not relate to Messrs. bin al Shibh and al Hawsawi. Accordingly, only the three *pro se* accused that have joined in the motions being heard,¹ their standby counsel and government counsel may be present in the courtroom. In other words, because Messrs. bin al Shibh and al Hawsawi would have no right to attend this proceeding if the cases were being tried separately, they are not authorized to attend this session of the Military Commission.²

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¹ The pro se filings are: D-105 (Dismiss Military Standby Counsel and Civilian Legal Advisors - Mohammed); D-109 (Compel Arabic Translation of All Commission Sessions); D-110 (Public Release of All Prior Commission Sessions; D-111 (Compel Research Supplies and Materials), D-112 (Receive Matters from Standby Counsel); D-113 (Dismiss Military Standby Counsel and Civilian Legal Advisors – Ali); D-114 (Boycott of SJA and Commission Sessions); and D-127 (Dismiss Military Standby Counsel and Civilian Legal Advisors – bin Attash).

² The privilege of attending every proceeding is never absolute. Assuming, but not deciding, that the Due Process Clause of the Fifth Amendment applies to the accused in this case, a defendant is not required to be granted the privilege of attending every hearing or session of court. *See, e.g., Kentucky v. Stincer*, 482 U.S. 730 (1987). Due process only requires that "a defendant be allowed to be present 'to the extent that a fair and just hearing would be thwarted by his absence'". *Snyder v. Massachusetts*, 291 U.S. 97, 108 (1934). In this case, given the Commission has granted the unopposed motion for a 60-day continuance, the 21 September 2009 session will now only address motions filed by the three *pro se* accused. Accordingly, Messrs. bin al Shibh and al Hawsawi are not necessary to resolve the legal issues to be

4. The Military Commission directs that a copy of this order be served upon each accused, the prosecution and all civilian and military defense counsel of record, and that it be provided to the Clerk of Court for public release. The Military Commission further directs the Clerk of Court to have this order translated into Arabic and served upon each of the above named accused.

So ordered this 21st Day of September 2009:

/s/ Stephen R. Henley Colonel, U.S. Army Military Judge

Mr. Kholid Sheikh Mohammed

Statement of Understanding Right to be Present at All Commission Proceedings

(1) I have been informed that a session in the case of United States v. Mohamed et. al is going to be held on 21 September 2009 at 1300 hours in the Courtroom at Guantanamo Bay.
(2) I,, the accused in a military commission, understand that I have the statutory right to be present during all sessions of the commission;
(3) I acknowledge that my voluntary absence from any session of the commission is an unequivocal waiver of the right to be present during that session;
(4) I understand that if I request to absent myself from any proceeding or session, such absence is voluntary and of my own free will;
(5) I understand that my absence from any of the proceedings or sessions may negatively affect the presentation of the defense in my case;
(6) I understand that my failure to meet with and cooperate with my detailed defense counsel may also negatively affect the presentation of my defense;
(7) I understand that the members of the commission might draw a negative inference based on my choice to absent myself from the proceedings;
(8) I understand and agree that the trial may continue in my absence through findings and, if necessary, adjudication of an appropriate sentence;
(9) I acknowledge that my choice to absent myself from the proceedings is inconsistent with proceeding <i>pro se</i> , and provides a basis for termination of my right to proceed in a <i>pro se</i> status;
(10) I understand and agree that, under certain circumstances, my attendance at a session can be compelled regardless of my personal desire not to be present;
(11) I understand and agree that, regardless of my absence at any particular session of the commission, I have the right to decide to attend any subsequent session; and,
(12) I understand that I will be informed of the time and date of each commission session prior to the session to afford me the opportunity to decide whether I wish to attend that session.

Recid 9/21/09 @1215 Coc GAMO

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WITNESS

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response of KSM to my reading of

(Note- if the accused refuses to sign, provide a brief handwritten explanation of the the notification) circumstances and confirm that it was read to him)

" He who has ears let him hear. The exalted Alloq soid in Holy Ouron, truly Allah defends those who believe the U.S. Gou't asks for 3rd continuous, I reclize very well that Botak Borok your president is real negative des phukgroom image of Bosh. He be stricken by lying megolomonic. Judge for your information we all pro se had written a letter which wer send to you on Sep. 18th. We to for govet petition for 3rd continuous in this case till Nov. 42009, and even until death. Finally I went to tell Berede don't be wise in your own eyes."

TS/SCI UNCLASSIFIED

Mr. World Muhammad Solih Musorale Bin Atta

Statement of Understanding Right to be Present at All Commission Proceedings

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(7) I understand that the members of the commission might draw a negative inference based on my choice to absent myself from the proceedings;
(8) I understand and agree that the trial may continue in my absence through findings and, if necessary, adjudication of an appropriate sentence;
(9) I acknowledge that my choice to absent myself from the proceedings is inconsistent with proceeding pro se, and provides a basis for termination of my right to proceed in a pro se status;
(10) I understand and agree that, under certain circumstances, my attendance at a session can be compelled regardless of my personal desire not to be present;
(11) I understand and agree that, regardless of my absence at any particular session of the commission, I have the right to decide to attend any subsequent session; and,
(12) I understand that I will be informed of the time and date of each commission session prior to the session to afford me the opportunity to decide whether I wish to attend that session.

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(Note- if the accused refuses to sign, provide a brief handwritten explanation of the circumstances and confirm that it was read to him)

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Mr. Ali Asdul Aziz Ali

Statement of Understanding Right to be Present at All Commission Proceedings

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(12) I understand that I will be informed of the time and date of each commission session prior to the session to afford me the opportunity to decide whether I wish to attend that session.

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FROM: Ammar AL Baluch, "All TSSCI unclassified 9/21/09

Lean Not altered the Proceedings if my Presence is Not real,

Or Lam Not given the opportunity to address concerns regarding

that Session in Particular.

Based on the last two continuouse hearings, we never trail a real role which simply shows that our Participation has Nothing to do with decision making or ruling about the continuance.

therefore we "Pro se" Provided the Judge a written statement with regard to P-012 so the Judge find our answers Re. P-012 in which we agreed to the 60 Day's Continuance.

The right of Due Process has been violated several times even at the last session when the Judge did not allow the Defense to cross-examine a witness by further adding "Even if the witness is lying!!" as the Audio feed was cut throughout the session while we didn't mention any thing classified.

How I am supposed to attend the Hearings while the Gov. is denying my Health care issues, it's been two years since I've been waiting to fix my Deatal Problems; Same goes with my regular international mail which either Not delivered at all or delayed for 12 months; I am entitled to have a Health care and receive mail unclass TS/SCI without Prolonged most all delays. By. Ammar "Ali'

Mr. Romzi Bin Al Shibh

Statement of Understanding Right to be Present at All Commission Proceedings

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Rec'd 9/21/09 @1215 Coc (GTMO) Accused DATE

DATE

21 Sep 09

WITNESS DATE

(Note- if the accused refuses to sign, provide a brief handwritten explanation of the circumstances and confirm that it was read to him)

Detained refused to acknowled my existence of ter repeated, and gradually louder calls. Comp works color made decision to forciting wolve detained as not por-responsive, but an detained no notified that he would be forably removed, be become agitated, and yelled at gaurds when I offenpted to notify him of court court notification, he dismissed me, and threetened to horm govers. Statement Nothication was not read to detained or recommendated by OSJA, and was completely the cell of the years of force.

Mr. Mustafe Ahmed Adam Al Howsown

مذكرة ايضاح

الحق في حضور كل اجرائات المرافعات القانونية من حضور كل اجرائات المرافعات القانونية

ا-قد تم تبليغي بالجلسة في القضية الولايات المتحدة ضد- محمد سوف تعقد قي المحمد الواحدة الولايات المتحدة ضد- محمد الواحدة الواحدة المحكمة في خليج غواننتانامو.

٢-اني،------المتهم في المحكمة العسكرية ادرك ان لي حقوق قانونية في الحضور خلال
 كل جلسات المحكمة.

٣-اني على ادراك ان غيابي الطوعي من اي من جلسات المحكمة هو بمثابة اسقاط حقي في الحضور في تلك الجلسة.

٤-اني علي ادراك انة في حالة طلبي الغياب من اية جلسة او اجرائات قانونية، يكون هذا
 الغياب طوعيا وبمحض ارادتي الخاصة.

ه-اني على ادراك انه في حالة غيابي من اية من الجلسات او المرافعات القانونية يمكن ان يكون لة تأثير سلبي على مرافعات الدفاع في قضيتي.

٦- اني على ادراك انه في حالة اخفاقي في مقابلة او التعاون مع محامي الدفاع المخصص لي يمكن ايضا ان يكون لة تأثير سلبي على مرافعات الدفاع في قضيتي.

٧- اني على ادراك ان اعضاء هيئة المحكمة قد يتخذوا موقف سلبي تجاهي ناتج عن قراري
 بعدم حضورى لجلسات المحكمة.

٨-انا ادرك و اوافق على انة في حالة غيابي، فأن المحكمة سوف تواصل الانعقاد بناء على الادلة. وإن تطلب الامر، سوف تقوم بأصدار الحكم المناسب.

٩-اني على علم بان قراري بعدم حضور المرافعات يتعارض مع الاجرائات القانونية للتمثيل الشخصى، ويخلق أرضية لاسقاط حقى في التمثيل الشخصى.

١٠-انا ادرك و اوافق على انه في ظروف خاصة، يمكن اجباري على حضور اية جلسة بغض النظر عن رغبتى الشخصية بعدم الحضور.

١١- انا ادرك و اوافق على انه بغض النظر عن غيابي عن حضور اي من الجلسات، انه من

Rec'd 9/21/09 @1215 Coc GTMO حقي القرار بحضور اية من الجلسات اللاحقه. ١٢- إنا ادرك بأنه سبوف أخطاري بوقت وتاريخ اية من الجلسات مقدما وذلك لاعطائي الفرصة لاقرر في ما لو ارغب بحضور تلك الجلسة.

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ملاحظة-- اذا رفض المتهم التوقيع، يجب كتابة ايضاح الملابسات للوضع بصورة مختصره، وذلك مع التأكيد بأنه قد تم قرائتها عليه.

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In the name Allah, Most gracious, Most merciful.

Friday 28th of Ramadan 1430. 18 September 2009.

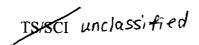
The grace is to Allah, we thank him, we ask for his support, forgiveness, and we seek Allah to protect us from our own evil, and the bad outcomes of our own deeds, He who Allah guides no one can misguide him and he who is misguided will never find guidance, we testify that there are no god except for Allah, with no other partners, and we testify that Mohammed is his servant, and Messenger.

In reference to the judicial order P-012, which was delivered to us in Ramadan 28th 1430 AH [*Islamic Calendar*], corresponding to September 18, 2009, and which is dated September 17, 2009, from the Military Judge regarding the third request for the 60 day continuance, and which was presented by the oppressing American government which occupies Muslims homes in the Arabian peninsula, Afghanistan and Iraq; supports the nation of the Jews, the enemies of Jesus, peace be upon him- the nation of Israel - which is occupies the Palestinian, the Syrian, and the Lebanese lands.

So if the upcoming hearing, which is supposed to be held this coming Monday, September 21st 2009, is just to hear our response to that request, we do not have any objection and we agree on this request, and we say to you just like what Prophet Noah, peace be upon him, has said when his people threatened to kill him, he said "I put my trust in Allah, so devise your plot, you and your partners, and let not your plot be in doubt for you. Then pass your sentence on me and give me no respite." 10:71 Quran [Translator Note: This verse was already written in English in the original document]

* We were arrested in 2003 and we spent three years moving around between the black sites in the "Dark Ages" [TN: "Dark Ages" also written in English] of Bush, then we were transferred to the island of oppression, torture and terror, Guantanamo, in 2006; and we only received the list of charges in 2008, then, the lying Barack, the new American President was elected, an we entered the black ages of Barack, and here he is, the liar, moving us from continuance to continuance, and we say to him, to the military commission and to the criminal American people who pays the taxes out of its own pocket to the oppressing Government, which converts these monies into bombs, military planes, military ships, aircraft carriers, and unmanned planes to kill millions of people, women, children, elders, and civilians and it destroys their homes just like what Israel did in the massacre of Gaza, and finally just like what the American Army does in Iraq and Afghanistan, we say to them all just like what Allah the Almighty said in the Holy Quran: "Say nothing shall ever happen to us except what Allah has ordained for us. He is our protector. And in Allah, let the believers put their trust, say: "Do you wait for us (anything) except one of the two best things (martyrdom or victory); while we await for

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you either that Allah will afflict you with punishment from himself or at our hands. **SO WAIT, WE TOO ARE WAITING WITH YOU.**" Quran 9:51-52.

[This verse was aslo already written in English in the original document]

And at the end, we greet the Islamic world in general and the Mujahideen in particular and the re-newer of the 21st century, especially Sheikh Osama Bin Laden and his deputy, the voice of the truth and Jihad, Doctor Ayman Al-Zawahiri, and we shall not forget the hero of Islam, the commander of the faithful, Mullah Omar, and all the Mujahideen all over the world. We send our greetings to them and the occasion of the blessed holiday of Al Fitr, and we send our greeting to them on the occasion of the anniversary of 8 years past on the most noble victory known to history over the forces of oppression and tyranny in the Washington and Manhattan attack; and we say to the liar, Barrack, the United States of America not only will not achieve any victory in Afghanistan but also will not be able to economically, politically and militarily recover after 9/11 and its repercussions until a camel enters [TN: Illegible word, can not be read] the tailor.

"It is easier for a camel to pass through the eye of a needle than the USA to prosper post 9/11."

[TN: This verse was already written in English in the original document]

Allah is great, praise be to Allah and victory be to Islam and Muslims.

[TN: Signed] Khalid Sheikh Mohammed Walid Ibn Attash Ali AbdulAziz Ali

Received 9/20/09
By Clerk of Court

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

٧.

KHALID SHEIKH MOHAMMED, WALID MUHAMMAD SALIH MUBARAK BIN 'ATTASH, RAMZI BIN AL SHIBH, ALI ABDUL-AZIZ ALI, MUSTAFA AHMED ADAM AL HAWSAWI

P-012

Commission Ruling Regarding
Prosecution Motion for Additional 60-Day
Continuance

1. This matter having come before the Military Commission upon government motion to grant a third continuance in this case until 16 November 2009; ¹ and having considered the parties submissions, and for good cause shown; the Military Commission finds that the interests of justice served by continuing the Rule for Military Commission (RMC) 909 incompetence determination hearing ² for Ramzi bin al Shibh, currently docketed for 21-25 September 2009, to allow the Administration time to determine whether he can be transferred or released, or prosecuted for criminal conduct before a military commission or Article III court; or provided other lawful disposition consistent with the national security and foreign policy interests of the United States and

On 21 January 2009, the Military Commission granted, over objection, a government motion to continue this case to 20 May 2009. See P-009, Commission Ruling Regarding Government Motion for 120-Day Continuance. On 14 May 2009, the Commission granted a government motion for an additional 120-day delay to 17 September 2009.

See P-010, Commission Ruling Regarding Prosecution Motion for Additional 120-Day Continuance.

No person may be brought to trial by military commission if that person is mentally incompetent. Trial may proceed unless it is established by a preponderance of the evidence that the accused is presently suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering him mentally incompetent to the extent that he is unable to understand the nature of the proceedings or to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case. RMC 909(e).

the interests of justice,³ outweigh the best interests of the accused and the general public in a prompt trial. As such, the unopposed government motion to continue the incompetence determination hearing for Mr. bin al Shibh to begin no earlier than 16 November 2009 is GRANTED.

2. The government also requests the Commission "refrain from taking any actions in the case ... to preserve the status quo ... to the greatest extent possible" until the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, has determined the appropriate forum to prosecute the above named accused. The prosecution asserts that defense counsel for Messrs. al Hawsawi and bin al Shibh do not object to the government's petition to halt further proceedings in this case, to include all on-the-record sessions, until no earlier than 16 November 2009. However, as Messrs. Sheikh Mohammed, bin 'Attash and Ali are proceeding *pro se*, ⁴ and have not yet indicated whether they too will join in the requested continuance, the Commission will hear argument as to this part of the motion at a session convened pursuant to RMC 803 in Courtroom 2, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba on 21 September 2009.

³ The President has tasked that the review with respect to those persons currently detained at Guantanamo Bay be completed on a "rolling basis and as promptly as possible". See Executive Order 13492 of January 22, 2009, "Review and Disposition of Individuals Detained at the Guantanamo Bay Naval Base and Closure of Detention Facilities".

⁴ *Pro* se legal representation refers to the circumstance of a person representing himself or herself without a lawyer in a court proceeding. *Pro* se is a Latin phrase meaning "for oneself". Messrs. al Hawsawi and bin al Shibh have indicated on numerous occasions a desire to also proceed *pro* se. Even if the Military Commission ultimately determines both accused are competent to stand trial, the prosecution might still attempt to limit the accused's self-representation rights by insisting upon trial defense counsel when the accused lacks the mental capacity to conduct

United States v. Mohammed, et al., P-012 Ruling

3. The Military Commission directs that a copy of this order be served upon each

accused, the prosecution and all civilian and military defense counsel of record, and that

it be provided to the Clerk of Court for public release. The underlying government

motion will also be provided to the Clerk of Court for public release, after appropriate

redactions for privacy and security considerations. The Military Commission further

directs the Clerk of Court to have this order translated into Arabic and served upon each

of the above named accused.

So Ordered this 17th Day of September 2009:

/s/

Stephen R. Henley

Colonel, U.S. Army Military Judge

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

KHALID SHEIKH MOHAMMED; WALID MUHAMMAD SALIH MUBARAK BIN 'ATTASH; RAMZI BINALSHIBH; ALI ABDUL AZIZ ALI; MUSTAFA AHMED AL HAWSAWI

Prosecution Motion

For an additional 60-day continuance of the proceedings in the above-captioned case until 16 November 2009

16 September 2009

- 1. <u>Relief Requested</u>. In the interests of justice, the Government respectfully requests the Military Commission grant an additional 60-day continuance of the proceedings in the above-captioned case until 16 November 2009.¹
- 2. Overview. The Government requests this continuance for an additional period of only 60 days. The review process that has necessitated the Government's requests for continuances in this case is nearing completion. By no later than 16 November 2009, the review of the accused by a team of Department of Justice and OMC-P prosecutors will be complete, and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, will have determined whether the Government will either continue to prosecute the accused's before this military commission, seek to prosecute the accused's in a federal court in the United States, or pursue some other alternative. Executive Order 13492 (E.O. 13492, 74 Fed. Reg. 4897) requires the Secretary of Defense to take steps "sufficient to halt the proceedings" in this case until a decision is made whether and in what forum to prosecute this case. In addition, in May the President announced his support for military commissions' reform and his commitment to work with Congress to amend the Military Commissions Act of 2006. In July, legislation to reform military commissions passed the Senate. House and Senate conferees are expected to meet to consider this legislation in late September/early October, and it is expected that the Defense Authorization bill will become law sometime later in October or in November. Given these circumstances, the interests of justice in one further 60-day continuance outweigh the interests of both the public and the accused in immediately proceeding forward.
- 3. <u>Burden of Proof and of Persuasion</u>. As the moving party, the Government bears the burden of persuasion. Rule for Military Commissions (R.M.C.) 905(c), Manual for Military Commission (M.M.C.), 2007.

¹ The Government is seeking similar continuances in the other cases pending before military commissions.

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4. Facts.

- a. On 22 January 2009, the President issued E.O. 13492, "Review and Disposition of Individuals Detained at the Guantanamo Bay Naval Base and Closure of Detention Facilities." That E.O. remains fully in effect and applies to all members of the Executive Branch. It directed an inter-agency review of "the status of each individual currently detained at Guantanamo " E.O. 13492, §4(a), 74 Fed. Reg. at 4898. The review participants were first tasked to "determine, on a rolling basis and as promptly as possible with respect to the individuals currently detained at Guantanamo, whether it is possible to transfer or release the individuals consistent with the national security and foreign policy interests of the United States " Id., §4(c)(2), 74 Fed. Reg. at 4899. In cases of individuals not approved for release or transfer, the review participants were tasked "to determine whether the Federal Government should seek to prosecute the detained individuals for any offenses they may have committed, including whether it is feasible to prosecute such individuals before a court established pursuant to Article III of the United States Constitution " *Id.*, §4(c)(3), 74 Fed. Reg. at 4899. To facilitate those two tasks, the Secretary of Defense was directed to "ensure that during the pendency of the Review . . . all proceedings of such military commissions to which charges have been referred but in which no judgment has been rendered . . . are halted." Id., § 74, Fed. Reg. at 4899. During the pendency of the Review, E.O. 13492 remains in full effect so that no "proceedings" may go forward.
- b. On 22 January 2009, the President also issued E.O. 13493, "Review of Detention Policy Options" (74 Fed. Reg. 4901). E.O. 13493 established a Detention Policy Task Force, co-chaired by the Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense, "to conduct a comprehensive review of the lawful options available to the Federal Government with respect to the apprehension, detention, trial, transfer, release, or other disposition of individuals captured or apprehended in connection with armed conflicts and counterterrorism operations, and to identify such options as are consistent with the national security and foreign policy interests of the United States and the interests of justice." E.O. 13493, § 1(e), 74 Fed. Reg. at 4901.
- c. In accordance with E.O. 13492 and the Defense Secretary's directive thereunder, the Government sought and obtained an initial continuance of this case in January 2009 that lasted until 17 May 2009. A second continuance was sought at the end of the first and is scheduled to expire on 17 September 2009.
- d. In his speech at the National Archives on 21 May, 2009, President Obama recognized that "military commissions have a history in the United States dating back to George Washington and the Revolutionary War... [and that t]hey are an appropriate venue for trying detainees for violations of the laws of war." The President announced then that he had decided to work to reform and retain military commissions as one available and appropriate forum, along with Article III courts, for the prosecution of detainees at Guantanamo. Also in May the Secretary of Defense published and notified Congress of five significant changes to the M.M.C. which were recommended by the Detention Policy Task Force.

- e. Legislative reform of the Military Commissions Act is now also pending. On 23 July 2009, the Senate passed significant changes to the law as part of the Defense Authorization Act for FY 2010. S.1390, Title X, Subtitle D, §§ 1031 *et seq.*, Roll call Vote No. 242, 115 Cong. Rec. 112 at S.8023 (July 23, 2009). Conferees from the Senate and House are expected to meet in late September or early October to consider these reforms. The full Congress is likely to pass the Defense Authorization bill sometime in October or November.
- f. Related to the review process, in July the Departments of Justice and Defense agreed to a protocol pursuant to which cases referred for possible prosecution by the Guantanamo Review Task Force will be further considered by a joint DoJ-DoD team of prosecutors to determine whether the case should be prosecuted in an Article III court or by military commission. This case has been referred by the Task Force to the prosecution team for this consideration. That team is now conducting an in-depth review, which will lead to a recommendation to the Attorney General as to whether or not the case should be tried in an Article III court. The Attorney General will consider the recommendations, consult with the Secretary of Defense, and decide whether to pursue prosecution of the accused in an Article III court, allow prosecution to proceed in a military commission, or refer the case back to the E.O. 13492 Review for other appropriate disposition. He will make that determination within the 60 days of the requested continuance. (Declaration of Hon. Jeh C. Johnson, Attachment A.)
- g. Under E.O. 13492, the Secretary of Defense must ensure that proceedings before military commissions are halted until the Review is complete. Matters not considered proceedings have occurred within the military commissions since the issuance of the E.O. and have not changed the *status quo* of the pending cases.

5. Argument.

- a. R.M.C. 707(b)(4)(E)(i) authorizes the presiding judge of a military commission to grant a continuance of the proceedings if the interests of justice are served by such action and outweigh the best interests of both the public and the accused in a prompt trial of the accused. The requested continuance is in the best interests of justice because it will permit the Presidentially-directed review of the accused to be completed and will permit the full Congress time to act on the pending military commissions' reform legislation.
- b. The interests of justice served by granting the continuance outweigh the interests of both the public and the accused in immediately proceeding forward. The review of the detainees' status and the pending legislative amendments to the MCA may result in changes that will (1) necessitate re-litigation of issues in this case or (2) produce legal consequences affecting the options available to both the accused and the Government. It would be inefficient and potentially unjust to deny the requested continuance when the MCA is currently being reformed by the Congress and before the

Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, has decided the forum in which the accused will be prosecuted.

c. Extending the continuance in this case for a final 60 days will give the Administration adequate time to complete its review and the Congress a similar opportunity to reform the MCA -- all to ensure that the interests of justice, as well as the national security and foreign policy interests of the United States, are best served. Under these circumstances, an additional 60-day delay is not prejudicial to the accused and is consistent with the interests of the public.

6. Scope of Request.

- a. Concerns have been raised about the scope and effect of the continuances that the Government has sought and that the judges have granted in this case and others before the military commissions. E.O. 13492 directs the Secretary of Defense to take "steps sufficient to ensure that during the pendency of the Review . . . all proceedings of [the] military commissions . . . are halted." It was in furtherance of that obligation that the Secretary originally directed the Chief Prosecutor to seek continuances in January 2009.²
- b. The Government does not seek to preclude the parties from submitting any filings during the requested continuance, should they desire to do so, or to prevent any judge from scheduling and hearing a matter deemed to be something other than a proceeding, and thus not precluded by E.O. 13492. The twofold purpose of this motion is (1) to preserve the *status quo* as it existed on 22 January 2009 and as it exists today, and (2) to preclude any judicial decisions or rulings on dispositive issues until the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, decides as to which accused the military commissions will resume, and until the legislation now pending in Congress to reform military commissions becomes law. For those reasons, the Government requests this military commission to refrain from taking any actions in the case -- whether or not any "sessions" of a commission may occur -- with the exception of any rulings that must be made (including a ruling on the instant motion itself) to preserve the *status quo* of the

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² The Government's original motion in January did not attempt to define the scope of the requested continuances. In some cases, however, the military judges defined the scope of a continuance at the time it was ordered. In the case of United States v. Ghailani, for instance, the continuance issued by the military judge expressly contemplated that discovery by the parties would continue and that the judge would continue to take certain actions not requiring a "session." See Ruling on Government Motion for Continuance, United States v. Ghailani (Feb. 13, 2009). Similarly, in the case against the September 11th co-conspirators, United States v. Mohammed, the military judge issued a ruling (in response to a defense motion for relief regarding the submission by the accused to the commission of a document) in which he assumed the prosecutors had not sought (and he, in an earlier ruling on the continuance, had not ordered) "a 'halt' to any and all actions related to this case, but merely on-the-record hearings with counsel, the accused, and the military judge." The judge concluded that his ruling was consistent with the prosecution's request and his earlier grant of a continuance, because "[s]ince recessing on 21 January 2009, the military judge has not called the Military Commission into session." Order on Defense Motion for Special Relief, United States v. Mohammed (Mar. 18, 2009)(emphasis added). See R.M.C. 905(h) (providing that the military judge may dispose of written motions without a session of the commission). In United States v. Khadr, the military judge has conducted two hearings of record, both during the pendency of E.O. 13492, to resolve issues of counsel conflict. And finally, in *United States v. Kamin* and *United States v. Noor*, the judge in each case has allowed discovery to proceed during the continuances.

case to the greatest extent practicable. More specifically, the Government requests that the military commission refrain at this point from conducting any hearing to assess the competency of Ramzi bin al Shibh and Mustafa Ahmed al Hawsawi to elect to proceed *pro se* in this case, which is currently scheduled for 21 September 2009. Any ruling on the competency of these accused could have a dispositive effect, at a time when a prosecution-forum decision is still under review. Even if no ruling is made on the competency issue at this time, taking evidence in such a hearing could prejudice the outcome of litigation on this and related issues in the event of a prosecution in federal court.

- 7. <u>Conclusion</u>: For the foregoing reasons, the military commission should extend the previously granted continuance of further proceedings in the above-captioned case until 16 November 2009 and should adopt the attached Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order. (Attachment B). Additionally, this delay should be excluded when determining whether any period under R.M.C. 707(a) has run.
- 8. <u>Oral Argument</u>: The Government does not request oral argument but is prepared to argue this motion should the commission find it helpful.
- 9. <u>Witnesses and Evidence</u>: No witnesses. The Government respectfully requests the commission to consider the attachments to this motion as evidence of the asserted facts.
- 10. <u>Certificate of Conference</u>: The Government notified the Defense of the requested relief and Defense Counsel for Mr bin al Shibh did not object. Defense counsel for Mr. Hawsawi could not be reached but indicated during a phone call on 14 September that they would not object should a request for continuance have to be filed.

11. Attachments:

- A. Declaration of the Honorable Jeh C. Johnson
- B. Government Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order

Respectfully Submitted,

//S// Clayton Trivett, Jr. Prosecutor

DECLARATION OF JEH C. JOHNSON

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Jeh C. Johnson, hereby declare:

- 1. I am the General Counsel for the Department of Defense. As such, I serve as the chief legal officer for the Department of Defense and the legal advisor to the Secretary of Defense. I was appointed to this position on February 10, 2009, following nomination by the President and confirmation by the Senate. The statements made herein are based on my personal knowledge and information made available to me in my official capacity.
- 2. President Barack Obama signed Executive Orders 13492 and 13493 on January 22, 2009. These Executive Orders require a comprehensive review of each individual detained at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba and of our nation's detention policy in general. An inter-agency task force and several inter-agency review teams were created as a result of Executive Order 13492. The task force and review teams are now diligently reviewing the Guantanamo detainees' files and recommending the transfer, release or prosecution or other disposition for each detainee. Cases referred for possible prosecution then require a team of prosecutors from the Department of Justice and the Office of Military Commissions to further investigate and recommend whether to prosecute the detainee in a federal civilian court or before a military commission. At present, more than half of the over 200 Guantanamo detainees have been reviewed in this process, and the process is on-going.
- 3. The Attorney General, after consulting with the Secretary of Defense, will decide, and this commission will be informed, within 60 days from 17 September 2009 whether the accused in this case will be prosecuted in federal court or by military commission, or referred back to the Executive Order 13492 Review for other appropriate disposition. Once a prosecution forum decision, if any, is made, the review process ordered by Executive Order 13492 will be complete and the halt in proceedings required by Section 7 of the Executive Order will be lifted with respect to that detainee.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on the 15th of September, 2009

Jeh C. Johnson

General Counsel

Department of Defense